## **IN THE CLAIMS:**

Please **AMEND** the claims as follows:

1. (Currently amended) A method of allocating queues in a network device, the method comprising:

# receiving a packet at an ingress port of the network device;

making a classification for an incoming packet, the classification comprising at least one of an egress port number or an ingress port number;

determining whether a previously-allocated queue exists for the classification; [[and]] allocating, at the ingress port, a queue for the classification when no previously-allocated queue exists for the classification[[.]];

storing information relating to the packet in the allocated queue; and
after the storing step, scheduling the packet for transmission between the ingress
port and one of a plurality of egress ports of the network device.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the queue is associated with an ingress port of the network device.
  - 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the queue is a virtual output queue.
  - 4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising: detecting when a previously-allocated queue is empty; and de-allocating the empty previously-allocated queue.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the queue is associated with an ingress port.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the classification is based on a packet source, a packet destination or a packet priority.
- 7. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the classification further comprises a priority number.

- 8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the determining step comprises addressing a memory that indicates whether the classification corresponds to a previously-allocated queue.
- 9. (Previously presented) The method of claim 4, further comprising updating a memory when a queue is de-allocated, wherein the memory indicates whether the classification corresponds to the previously-allocated queue.
- 10. (Previously presented) The method of claim 4, wherein the network device further comprises a free list that indicates queues available for allocation and wherein the method further comprises updating the free list when the previously-allocated queue is de-allocated.
  - 11. (Currently amended) A network device, comprising:

#### means for receiving a packet at an ingress port of the network device;

means for making a classification for an incoming packet, the classification comprising at least one of an egress port number or an ingress port number;

means for determining whether a previously-allocated queue exists for the classification; [[and]]

means for allocating, at the ingress port, a queue for the classification when no previously-allocated queue exists for the classification[[.]];

means for storing information relating to the packet in the allocated queue; and means for scheduling, after the storing step, the packet for transmission between the ingress port and one of a plurality of egress ports of the network device.

- 12. (Original) The network device of claim 11, wherein the queue is associated with an ingress port of the network device.
- 13. (Original) The network device of claim 11, wherein the queue is a virtual output queue.
  - 14. (Previously presented) The network device of claim 11, further comprising: means for detecting when the queue is empty; and means for de-allocating the empty queue.

- 15. (Original) The network device of claim 11, wherein the queue is associated with an ingress port.
- 16. (Original) The network device of claim 11, wherein the classification is based on a packet source, a packet destination or a packet priority.
- 17. (Previously presented) The network device of claim 11, wherein the classification comprises a priority number.
- 18. (Previously presented) The network device of claim 11, wherein the determining means comprises means for addressing a memory that indicates whether the classification corresponds to a previously-allocated queue.
- 19. (Previously presented) The network device of claim 14, further comprising means for updating a memory when the queue is de-allocated, wherein the memory indicates whether the classification corresponds to the previously-allocated queue..
- 20. (Original) The network device of claim 14, wherein the network device further comprises a free list that indicates queues available for allocation.
- 21. (Previously presented) The network device of claim 20, further comprising means for updating the free list when the previously-allocated queue is de-allocated.
- 22. (Currently amended) A computer program embodied in a machine-readable medium, the computer program configured to control a network device to perform steps comprising:

#### receiving a packet at an ingress port of the network device;

making a classification for an incoming packet, the classification comprising at least one of an egress port number or an ingress port number;

determining whether a previously-allocated queue exists for the classification; [[and]]

allocating, at the ingress port, a queue for the classification when no previously-allocated queue exists for the classification[[.]];

## storing information relating to the packet in the allocated queue; and

# after the storing step, scheduling the packet between the ingress port and one of a plurality of egress ports of the network device.

- 23. (Currently amended) A network device, comprising:
- a plurality of **ingress** ports configured to receive an incoming packet;
- a classification engine for making a classification for the incoming packet, the classification comprising at least one of an egress port number or an ingress port number;
- a memory that indicates whether a previously-allocated queue exists for the classification; and
- a processor <u>configured tofor allocating allocate</u>, at an ingress port of the plurality of <u>ingress ports</u>, a queue for the classification when no previously-allocated queue exists for the classification <u>and further configured to store information relating to the packet in the allocated queue and further configured to schedule, after the storing of the information, the <u>packet for transmission between the ingress port and one of a plurality of egress ports of the network device</u>.</u>
- 24. (Original) The network device of claim 23, wherein the memory is a content addressable memory.
- 25. (Original) The network device of claim 23, wherein the memory is a random access memory.
- 26. (Currently amended) A method of allocating queues in a network device, the method comprising:

receiving a first packet at an ingress port of the network device;

making a first classification for the first packet, the first classification comprising at least one of a first egress port number or a first ingress port number;

allocating, at the ingress port, a first queue for the first classification;

storing information relating to the packet in the allocated queue; and
after the storing step, scheduling the first packet for transmission between
the ingress port and one of a plurality of egress ports of the network device;

receiving a second packet;

making a second classification for the second packet, the second classification comprising at least one of a second egress port number or a second ingress port number; and

determining whether the first classification is the same as the second classification.

- 27. (Previously presented) The method of claim 26, further comprising a step of allocating a second queue, different from the first queue, when the first classification is different from the second classification.
- 28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 26, further comprising a step of assigning the second packet to the first queue when the first classification is not different from the second classification.
  - 29. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

determining a first number of packets that an ingress port of the network device can receive; and

allocating a second number of physical queues for the ingress port, wherein the second number is less than or equal to the first number.

- 30. (Previously presented) The method of claim 29, wherein the network device operates according to a Fibre Channel protocol and wherein the determining step is based on a number of buffer-to-buffer credits granted by the ingress port.
  - 31. (Previously presented) The method of claim 29, further comprising: identifying a category for each packet arriving at the ingress port; correlating the category to an existing physical queue; and storing packet information in the existing physical queue.
- 32. (Original) The method of claim 29, further comprising: identifying a category for each packet arriving at the ingress port; and assigning the category to a physical queue, wherein the network device allocates a new physical queue only when there is no existing physical queue for the category.
- 33. (Previously presented) The network device of claim 31, wherein the packet information comprises control information selected from a list consisting of destination

information, source information.	e information, priori	ty information, p	payload type info	rmation and paylo	ad size